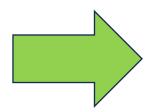
Smart Actuator Series: Piezo Assist Motor®

Nanometer level alignment

Precision stage enables nanometer positioning

Conventional





Micrometer Head

- Resolution: µm order
- Manual
- · Big Back Crush

New Product



Piezo Assist Motor®

- ·Resolution: nm order
- Electronic
- · Small Back Crush

Detail:

Just replace the micrometer head with the Piezo Assist Motor®,

- Resolution increases to below 30 nanometers
- After positioning, the position can be maintained without power supply
- Easily electrify and automate precision stages

Produced and manufactured by



Benefits of using this product

⇒Achieving automation and technological sophistication of your equipment

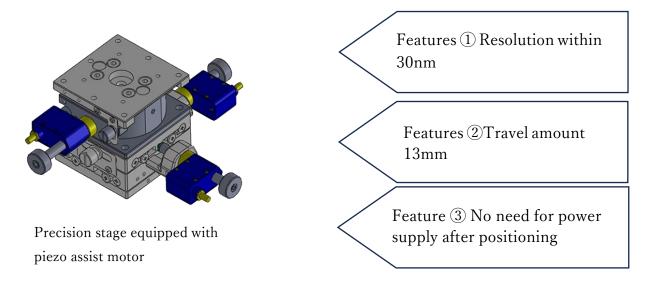
Piezo Assist Motor[®] is a small electric actuator with a resolution of less than 30 nanometers. Ultra-precise positioning can be automated simply by replacing the micrometer head of the precision stage with the Piezo Assist Motor®

- ✓ Easily realize automation using electric drive
- ✓ Easily achieves positioning of 30 nanometers or less
- ✓ Maintains adjusted position even without power supply
- ✓ Easily replaceable with micrometer head
- ✓ Easily visualize the amount of movement by attaching an external sensor

Example

1. Precision Stage

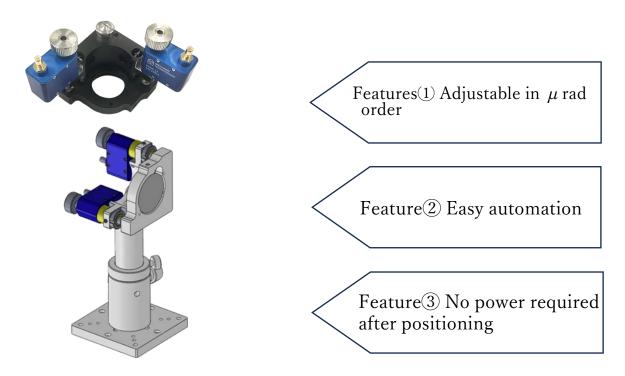
3-axis precision stage equipped with Piezo Assist Motor®



Example: micromanipulation, scanning microscope, high resolution microscope 2.

Mirror Mount

2-axis mirror mount equipped with Piezo Assist Motor®



Examples: interferometer construction, laser irradiation positioning, laser welding

Case photos



XY Precision Stage



Vacuum precision stage



Precision rotation mount

Ø25 mm~Ø25.4 mm

For optical elements (mm standard)

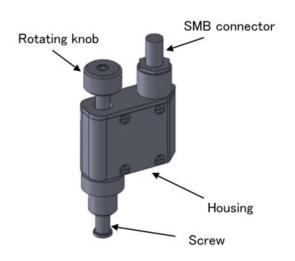


Z-axis precision stage



Rotating precision stage

Structure and operating principle of Piezo Assist Motor®



Inertia moment (rotating knob etc.)

Contact A

Piezo
Actuator

Rotor (screw shaft)

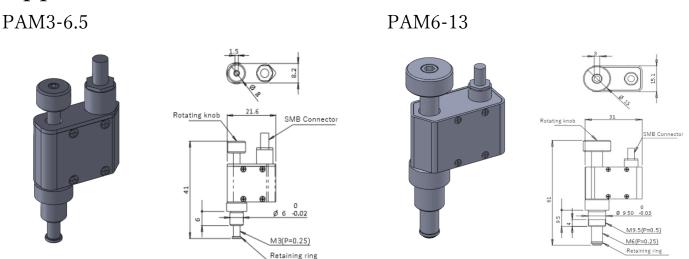
Fig. 1. Piezo Assist Motor outer view

Fig. 2. Piezo assist motor rotation mechanism & principal diagram

A piezo assist motor rotates the screw shaft using a piezo inertia rotation mechanism inside the housing, generating thrust and displacement in the direction of the screw shaft.

In the principal diagram of the piezo inertial rotation mechanism shown in Figure 2, the rotor is integrated with the screw shaft and connected to the moment of inertia (rotation knob, etc.), and the required static friction force is maintained between the rotor and the contact. Pressure (not shown) is applied to. When the piezoelectric element extends as shown in Figure 2, contacts A and B move relative to each other as shown in Figure 2. If the force generated by the acceleration of the rotational motion generated in the moment of inertia due to the acceleration of the relative motion of contacts A and B is less than the static friction force between the rotor and the contactor, the rotor will cause rotational motion and the static friction If the force is greater than that, slippage will occur between the rotor and the contact.

Approximate dimensions of Piezo Assist Motor®

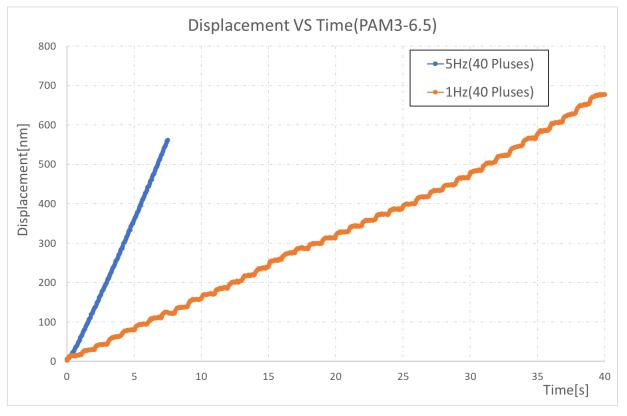


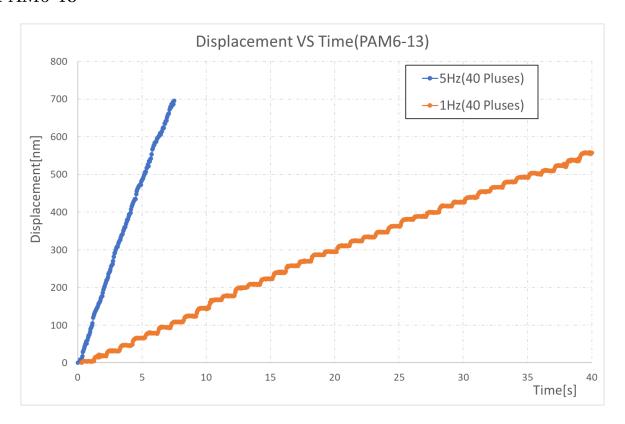
Piezo Assist Motor® Specification

pecifications		
Product Name	PAM3-6.5	PAM6-13
Minimum Movement (nm)	Below 30	Below 25
Maximum Load Capacity (N)	Above 13	Above 29.4
Maximum Drive Frequency (Hz)	2000	2000
Moving Speed (mm/min)	1.5	1.5
Travel range (mm)	Above 6.5 (Maximum 9)	Above 13 (Maximum18)
Mounting Part (mm)	Φ6 shank	M9x0.5 screw
Dimension (mm)	41x21.6x8.2	61x31x15,1
Operating Temperature	0~40°C	0~40°C
Storage Temperature	0~40°C	0~40°C
Ambient Humidity	10∼80%RH (No condensation)	10~80%RH (No condensation)
Connector	SMB connector	SMB connector
Lifespan	Above 1x10 ⁹ pulse	Above 1x10 ⁹ pulse
Weight (kg)	0.02	0.05

Operation waveform of Piezo Assist Motor®

PAM3-6.5





Controller for Piezo Assist Motor®







Specifications	PAMC-104	
Number of Driving Axis	4	
Maximum Driving Frequency (Hz)	1500	
Interface	RS-232C	
Switchable channel number	4	
Power Supply Voltage (V)	DC24	
Current consumption (A)	_	
Dimension(mm) (excluding protrusions)	200x162x50	
Operating Temperature	0~40°C	
Storage Temperature	0~40°C	
Ambient Humidity	10∼80%RH (No condensation)	
Weight (kg)	1.2	

PAM-RC100 (Option)



Product Name	PAM-RC100	
Maximum Driving Frequency (Hz)	1500	
Switchable channel number	4	
Interface	RS-232C	
Dimension (mm) (excluding protrusions)	102x78x30	
Operating Temperature	0~40°C	
Storage Temperature	0~40°C	
Ambient Humidity	10~80%RH (No condensation)	
Weight (kg)	0.32	

PAMC4-485





Specifications	PAMC4-485	
Number of Driving Axis	4	
Maximum Driving Frequency (Hz)	1500	
Interface	RS485	
Switchable channel number	4	
Power Supply Voltage (V)	DC24	
Current consumption (A)	_	
Dimension(mm) (excluding protrusions)	200x162x50	
Operating Temperature	0~40°C	
Storage Temperature	0~40°C	
Ambient Humidity	10∼80%RH (No condensation)	
Weight (kg)	1.2	

Operating precautions:

- 1. A high voltage is applied to the Piezo Assist Motor® during operation. Use only specified controllers such as PAMC-104 or PAMC4-485 to drive the motor.
- 2. If you need to disconnect or plug in the cable from the Piezo Assist Motor® or controller, turn off the power to the controller before doing so.
- 3. Do not disassemble or modify the piezo assist motor or controller PAMC-104 or PAMC4-485
- 4. Do not use the motor near flammable materials or damp or humid areas
- 5. If a strange odor, noise, overheating, or heat radiation is detected, please turn off the controller and check the situation.
- 6. Do not turn on the driver after dropping the controller or subjecting it to impact.
- 7. Do not touch the PAM during operation, as high voltages are applied during operation.
- 8. If the Piezo Assist Motor® moves to the threaded end, you can manually adjust the position by turning the adjustment knob.
- 9. Piezo Assist Motor® is an open loop device. If absolute position is required, a separate external sensor must be provided, and a closed loop must be configured.
- 10. During operation, the Piezo Assist Motor® produces high pitch noise.
- 11. You can prevent grease from sticking by moving the knob from one end to the other to redistribute the grease from time to time. If the motor is not used for a long time, the grease may become hard. In that case, you may be able to fix it by manually turning the knob from one end to the other.

Manufacturer:

Mechano Transformer Corporation 4F BUILDX No.3, 2-7-12, Iwamoto-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0032 Japan